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Q&A

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Exam : TDS-C01

Title : Tableau Desktop Specialist

Version: DEMO

1._____ is hosted by Tableau to share our visualisations publically with the world.

A. Tableau Reader

B. Tableau Desktop

C. Tableau Server

D. Tableau Public

Answer: D Explanation:

Tableau Public is a free service that lets anyone publish interactive data visualizations to the web. Visualizations that have been published to Tableau Public ("vizzes") can be embedded into web pages and blogs, they can be shared via social media or email, and they can be made available for download to other users. Check it out: https://public.tableau.com/en-us/s/

2. When creating a dashboard for multiple devices, which of the following Device options are available in the Device Preview section?

A. Monitor, Default, Phone, Tablet

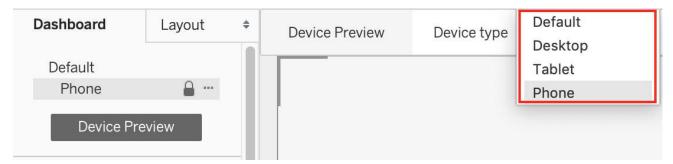
B. Phone, Tablet, Laptop, Desktop

C. Default, Phone, Tablet, Desktop

D. Phone, Monitor, Laptop, Default

Answer: C Explanation:

The following options are available in the Device preview section when creating a Dashboard:



Graphical user interface

Description automatically generated

Reference: https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/dashboards dsd create.htm

3. Which of the following lets you group related dashboard items together so you can quickly position them?

A. Layout Extensions

B. Layout Blanks

C. Layout Containers

D. Layout positioners

Answer: C

Explanation:

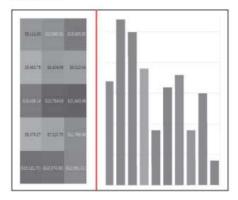
Layout containers let you group related dashboard items together so you can quickly position them. As you change the size and placement of items inside a container, other container items automatically adjust

Layout container types

A horizontal layout container resizes the width of the views and objects it contains; a vertical layout container adjusts height.

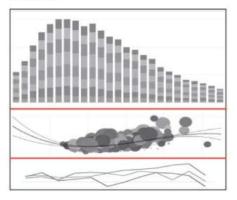
Horizontal layout container

The two views below are arranged in a horizontal layout container.



Vertical layout container

The three views below are stacked in a vertical layout container.



Reference: https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/dashboards_organize_floatingandtiled.htm

4.True or False: A LEFT JOIN or INNER JOIN creates a row each time the join criteria is satisfied, which can result in duplicate rows. One way to avoid this is to use data blending instead.

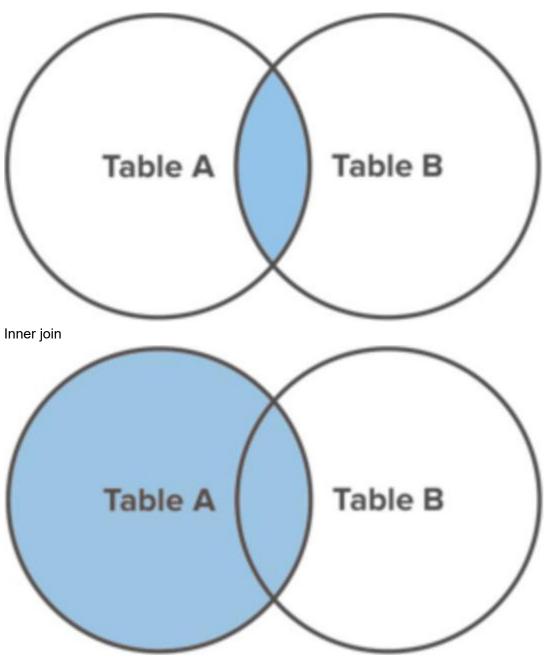
A. True

B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Joins combine tables by adding more columns of data across similar row structures. This can cause data loss or duplication if tables are at different levels of detail, and joined data sources must be fixed before analysis can begin.



Left Join

Blends, unlike relationships or joins, never truly combine the data. Instead, blends query each data source independently, the results are aggregated to the appropriate level, then the results are presented visually together in the view.

Reference: https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/multiple_connections.htm

5.Is SUM a table calculation?

A. Yes

B. No

Answer: B Explanation:

SUM is an aggregate function, not a table calculation!

A table calculation is a transformation you apply to the values in a visualization. Table calculations are a

special type of calculated field that computes on the local data in Tableau. They are calculated based on what is currently in the visualization and do not consider any measures or dimensions that are filtered out of the visualization.

The most common Table calculations are:

Running Total

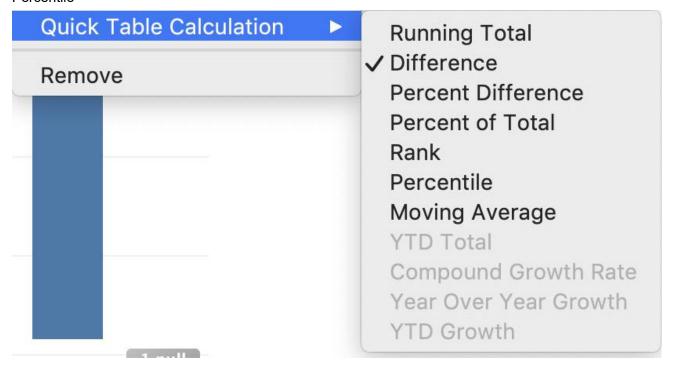
Percent Difference

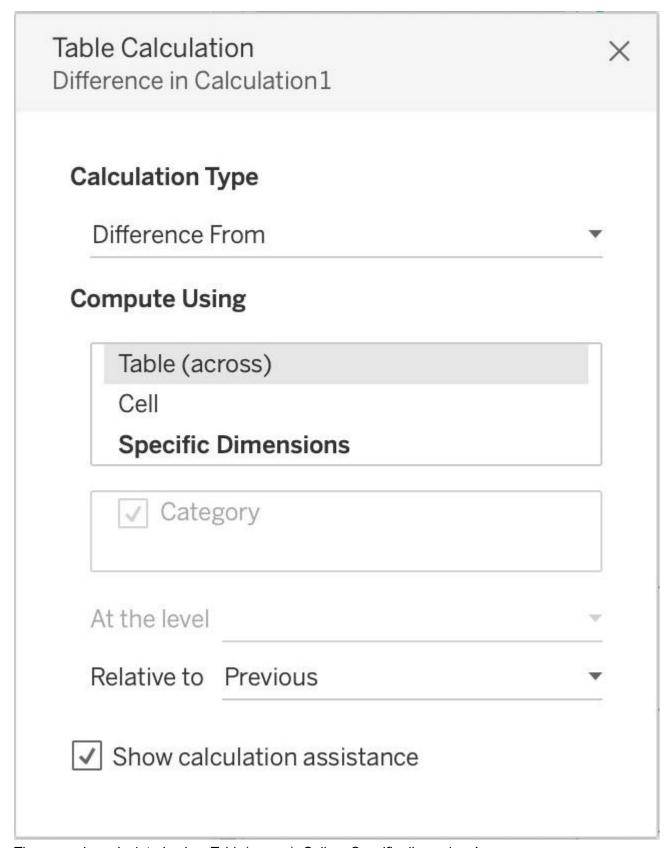
Difference

Percent of Total

Rank

Percentile





These can be calculated using: Table(across), Cell, or Specific dimensions! Reference: https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-

us/calculations_tablecalculations_definebasic_runningtotal.htm